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# Web application for Intensity of Erosion and Outflow

**Name of the River Basin: Shirindareh S8-intA**

**Country: Iran, Islamic Republic of**

**Year: 2019**

**GPS coordinates, latitude and longitude with Google Maps: 37.89,57.32**

## INPUT DATA

### Geometric characteristics of the river basins

**F = 2.62 km<sup>2</sup> (Surface area of the drainage basin)**

**O = 7.44 km (Length of the watershed)**

**Fv = 1.55 km<sup>2</sup> (Surface area of greater portion of the drainage basin)**

**Fm = 1.07 km<sup>2</sup> (Surface area of smaller portion of the drainage basin)**

**Lv = 1.93 km (Natural length of main water course)**

**Lb = 10.9 km (Length of the drainage basin measured by a series of parallel lines)**

### Topographic characteristics of the river basins

**Contour line length - Liz [km]: ["4.80 ", "2.79 "]**

**The area between the two neighboring contour lines - f [km<sup>2</sup>]: ["1.65 ", "0.96 ", "0.01 "]**

**h0 = 1200 m (Altitude of the initial contour)**

**Δh = 100 m (Equidistance)**

**Hmin = 1120 (Lowest altitude in the drainage basin)**

**Hmax = 1363 (Highest altitude in the drainage basin)**

### Hydrological characteristics of the river basins

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$\Sigma L = 4.07$  km (The total length of the main watercourse with tributaries of 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> class)

$L_m = 1.5$  km (The shortest distance between the fountain (head and mouth))

### Water permeability

$f_p = 0.15$  (Part of the surface area of the drainage basin which is composed of highly water permeable structures from the rocks (limestone, sand, gravel))

$f_{pp} = 0.35$  (Part of the surface area of the drainage basin which is composed of the rocks of medium water permeability (schist, marls, sandstone))

$f_o = 0.5$  (Part of the surface area of the drainage basin which is composed of the rocks of poor water permeability (heavy clay, compact eruptive))

### Land use

$f_s = 0$  (Part of the surface area of the drainage basin under the forest)

$f_t = 1.00000$  (Part of the surface area of the drainage basin which is under the grass, meadows, pastures and orchards)

$f_g = 0.00000$  (Part of the surface area of the drainage basin which is bare or under the soils without grass vegetation)

### Meteorological data

$h_b = 32.71$  mm (Level of torrent rain)

$U_p$  (years) = 100

$t_o = 12.40$  °C (Average annual air temperature)

$H_{god} = 293.3$  mm (Average annual quantity of precipitation)

### Erosion coefficients

$Y = 0.91895$  (Types of soil structures and allied types)

0 % (Sand, gravel and incoherent soils)

0 % (Saline soils)

0 % (Decomposed limestone and marls)

63.79 % (Serpentines, red sand stones, flishe deposits)

0 % (Podzols and parapodzols, decomposed schist)

0 % (Solid and Schist limestone, Terra Rosa and Humic soil)

0 % (Brown forest soils and Mountain soils)

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**36.21 % (Epieugleysol and Marshlands)**

**0 % (Good structured Chernozems and alluvial well-structured deposits)**

**0 % (Bare, compact igneous)**

**Xa = 0.7 (Planning of the drainage basin, rate of drainage basin regulation)**

**0 % (Bare lands)**

**0 % (Plough-lands)**

**100 % (Orchards and vineyards)**

**0 % (Mountain pastures)**

**0 % (Meadows)**

**0 % (Degraded forests)**

**0 % (Well-constituted forests)**

**$\phi = 0.5445$  (Numerical coefficient of visible and clearly pointed processes of soil erosion)**

**0 % (Depth erosion)**

**0 % (80% of the river basin under rill and gully erosion)**

**48.9 % (50% of the river basin under rill and gully erosion)**

**0 % (100% of the river basin under surface erosion)**

**0 % (100% of the river basin under surface erosion, without visible furrows, ravines and land slides)**

**0 % (50% of the river basin under surface erosion)**

**51.1 % (20% of the river basin under surface erosion)**

**0 % (There are smaller slides in the watercourse beds)**

**0 % (The river basin mostly under plough-land)**

**0 % (The river basin under forests and perennial vegetation)**

## **INPUT DATA**

**A = 0.75170984455959 (Coefficient of the river basin form)**

**m = 0.33635797665373 (Coefficient of the watershed development)**

**B = 0.24036697247706 km (Average river basin width)**

**a = 0.36641221374046 ((A)symmetry of the river basin)**

**G = 1.5534351145038 (Density of the river network of the basin)**

**K = 1.28666666666667 (Coefficient of the river basin tortuousness)**

**H<sub>sr</sub> = 1193.6316793893 m (Average river basin altitude)**

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**D = 73.6316793893 m (Average elevation difference of the river basin)**

**I<sub>sr</sub> = 28.969465648855 % (Average river basin decline)**

**H<sub>leb</sub> = 243 m (The height of the local erosion base of the river basin)**

**E<sub>r</sub> = 60.796849977411 (Coefficient of the erosion energy of the river basins relief)**

**S<sub>1</sub> = 0.805 (Coefficient of the regions permeability)**

**S<sub>2</sub> = 0.8 (Coefficient of the vegetation cover)**

**W = 0.45347857451315 m (Analytical presentation of the water retention in inflow)**

**2gDF<sup>1/2</sup> = 61.522291082171 m km s<sup>-1</sup> (Energetic potential of water flow during torrent rains)**

**Q<sub>max</sub> = 13.505957482693 m<sup>3</sup> s<sup>-1</sup> (Maximal outflow from the river basin)**

**T = 1.157583690279 (Temperature coefficient of the region)**

**Z = 0.6964841800217 (Coefficient of the river basin erosion)**

**W<sub>god</sub> = 1624.3608385267 m<sup>3</sup> god<sup>-1</sup> (Production of erosion material in the river basin)**

**R<sub>u</sub> = 0.12408188222126 (Coefficient of the deposit retention)**

**G<sub>god</sub> = 201.55375025089 m<sup>3</sup> god<sup>-1</sup> (Real soil losses)**

**G<sub>god</sub> km<sup>-2</sup> = 76.928912309501 m<sup>3</sup> km<sup>-2</sup> god<sup>-1</sup> (Real soil losses per km<sup>2</sup>)**

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<http://www.wintero.me>